Representative Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

1	TAX REVISIONS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses apportionment of business income to the state for purposes of
10	income taxes.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 addresses the apportionment of business income to the state for purposes of income
14	taxes by requiring all taxpayers, for certain taxable years, to use only the sales factor
15	to calculate the fraction for apportioning business income to the state; and
16	 makes technical and conforming changes.
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	This bill provides retrospective operation.
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	59-7-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 311 and 368
24	59-7-311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 311 and 323
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26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 59-7-302 is amended to read:
28	59-7-302. Definitions.
29	(1) As used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires:
30	(a) "Aircraft type" means a particular model of aircraft as designated by the
31	manufacturer of the aircraft.
32	(b) "Airline" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
33	(c) "Airline revenue ton miles" means, for an airline, the total revenue ton miles during
34	the airline's tax period.
35	(d) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the
36	regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from tangible and
37	intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitutes
38	integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.
39	(e) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business
40	of the taxpayer is directed or managed.
41	(f) "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions, and any other form of
42	remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
43	(g) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(g)(ii), "mobile flight equipment" [is as]
44	means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
45	(ii) "Mobile flight equipment" does not include:
46	(A) a spare engine; or
47	(B) tangible personal property described in Subsection 59-2-102(27) owned by an:
48	(I) air charter service; or
49	(II) air contract service.
50	(h) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business income.
51	(i) "Optional sales factor weighted taxpayer" means:
52	(i) for a taxpayer that is not a unitary group, regardless of the number of economic
53	activities the taxpayer performs, a taxpayer having greater than 50% of the taxpayer's total sales
54	everywhere generated by economic activities performed by the taxpayer if the economic
55	activities are classified in a NAICS code within NAICS Subsector 334 of the 2002 or 2007
56	North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the

- 57 President, Office of Management and Budget; or
- 58 (ii) for a taxpayer that is a unitary group, a taxpayer having greater than 50% of the
- 59 taxpayer's total sales everywhere generated by economic activities performed by the taxpayer if
- 60 the economic activities are classified in a NAICS code within NAICS Subsector 334 of the
- 2002 or 2007 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of
- the President, Office of Management and Budget.
 - (j) "Revenue ton miles" is determined in accordance with 14 C.F.R. Part 241.
 - (k) "Sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer not allocated under Sections 59-7-306 through 59-7-310.
 - (1) Subject to Subsection (2), "sales factor weighted taxpayer" means:
- (i) for a taxpayer that is not a unitary group, regardless of the number of economic
- activities the taxpayer performs, a taxpayer having greater than 50% of the taxpayer's total sales
- 69 everywhere generated by economic activities performed by the taxpayer if the economic
- activities are classified in a NAICS code of the 2002 or 2007 North American Industry
- 71 Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management
- and Budget, except for:

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- 73 (A) a NAICS code within NAICS Sector 21, Mining;
 - (B) a NAICS code within NAICS Industry Group 2212, Natural Gas Distribution;
- 75 (C) a NAICS code within NAICS Sector 31-33, Manufacturing;
- 76 (D) a NAICS code within NAICS Sector 48-49, Transportation and Warehousing;
- 77 (E) a NAICS code within NAICS Sector 51, Information, except for NAICS Subsector
- 78 519, Other Information Services; or
 - (F) a NAICS code within NAICS Sector 52, Finance and Insurance; or
- 80 (ii) for a taxpayer that is a unitary group, a taxpayer having greater than 50% of the
- 81 taxpayer's total sales everywhere generated by economic activities performed by the taxpayer if
- the economic activities are classified in a NAICS code of the 2002 or 2007 North American
- 83 Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
- Management and Budget, except for a NAICS code under Subsections (1)(1)(i)(A) through (F).
- 85 (m) "State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
- 86 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, and any
- 87 foreign country or political subdivision thereof.

88	(n) "Transportation revenue" means revenue an airline earns from:
89	(i) transporting a passenger or cargo; or
90	(ii) from miscellaneous sales of merchandise as part of providing transportation
91	services.
92	(o) "Utah revenue ton miles" means, for an airline, the total revenue ton miles within
93	the borders of this state:
94	(i) during the airline's tax period; and
95	(ii) from flight stages that originate or terminate in this state.
96	(2) The following apply to Subsection (1)(1):
97	(a) (i) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (2) and except for a taxable
98	year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but ending on or before December 31, 2026, a
99	taxpayer shall for each taxable year determine whether the taxpayer is a sales factor weighted
100	taxpayer.
101	(ii) A taxpayer shall make the determination required by Subsection (2)(a)(i) before the
102	due date for filing the taxpayer's return under this chapter for the taxable year, including
103	extensions.
104	(iii) For purposes of making the determination required by Subsection (2)(a)(i), total
105	sales everywhere include only the total sales everywhere:
106	(A) as determined in accordance with this part; and
107	(B) made during the taxable year for which a taxpayer makes the determination
108	required by Subsection (2)(a)(i).
109	(b) A taxpayer that files a return as a unitary group for a taxable year is considered to
110	be a unitary group for that taxable year.
111	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
112	commission may define the term "economic activity" consistent with the use of the term
113	"activity" in the 2007 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive
114	Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget.
115	Section 2. Section 59-7-311 is amended to read:
116	59-7-311. Method of apportionment of business income.
117	(1) For a taxable year, all business income shall be apportioned to this state by
118	multiplying the business income by a fraction calculated as provided in this section.

119	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a taxpayer, except for a sales factor
120	weighted taxpayer and an optional sales factor weighted taxpayer, shall calculate the fraction
121	for apportioning business income to this state using one of the following fractions:
122	(a) a fraction where:
123	(i) the numerator of the fraction is the sum of:
124	(A) the property factor as calculated under Section 59-7-312;
125	(B) the payroll factor as calculated under Section 59-7-315; and
126	(C) the sales factor as calculated under Section 59-7-317; and
127	(ii) the denominator of the fraction is three; or
128	(b) a fraction where:
129	(i) the numerator of the fraction is the sum of:
130	(A) the property factor as calculated under Section 59-7-312;
131	(B) the payroll factor as calculated under Section 59-7-315; and
132	(C) the sales factor as calculated under Section 59-7-317 multiplied by two; and
133	(ii) the denominator of the fraction is four.
134	(3) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a sales factor weighted taxpayer shall
135	calculate the fraction for apportioning business income to this state using a fraction where:
136	(a) the numerator of the fraction is the sales factor as calculated under Section
137	59-7-317; and
138	(b) the denominator of the fraction is one.
139	(4) Subject to the other provisions of this part, an optional sales factor weighted
140	taxpayer shall calculate the fraction for apportioning business income to this state using a
141	method described in Subsection (2)(a), (2)(b), or (3).
142	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) through (4) and subject to the other provisions of
143	this part, for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but ending on or before
144	December 31, 2026, all taxpayers shall calculate the fraction for apportioning business income
145	to this state using the method described in Subsection (3).
146	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (a) The taxpayer shall determine the method for calculating the fraction for
147	apportioning business income to this state under this section on or before the due date for filing
148	the taxpayer's return under this chapter for the taxable year, including extensions.
149	(b) The method described in Subsection [(5)] (6) (a) is in effect for the taxable year.

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150	[(6)] (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
151	Act, the commission may make rules providing procedures for a taxpayer to make the election
152	required by Subsections (2) and (4).
153	Section 3. Retrospective operation.
154	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
155	<u>2017.</u>